

CYPRUS

Table 1b Revenue, expenditure and deficit/surplus
(growth rates; change in deficit ratio ¹⁾)

1. General government - revenue

	Total	Current revenue											Capital revenue		Memo: Fiscal burden
		Direct taxes	Households	Corporations	Indirect taxes	VAT	Taxes on energy	Net social contributions	Employers ²⁾	Households ²⁾	Sales	Capital taxes			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
2007	18.6	21.3	41.3	52.1	36.0	19.7	16.1	5.2	5.9	-2.1	9.3	24.5	-72.5	277.8	22.9
2008	4.4	4.5	1.3	-13.0	13.3	4.3	12.1	-2.7	11.5	18.9	16.7	-1.1	-11.3	-64.7	4.6
2009	-8.4	-9.2	-14.9	-23.7	-10.0	-15.2	-14.9	0.7	9.9	4.6	6.6	-16.5	134.7	25.0	-10.0
2010	5.2	5.2	1.6	7.5	-1.9	4.6	3.4	17.6	6.0	10.2	10.2	9.3	4.9	-66.7	4.0
2011	0.4	0.0	9.8	3.7	14.2	-2.4	-5.0	10.7	0.9	-2.8	-2.8	-4.0	25.9	60.0	2.1
2012	-2.1	-1.8	-3.7	0.0	-9.3	0.6	4.0	-5.2	-3.6	-11.8	-11.8	7.9	-17.1	200.0	-1.8
2013	-6.0	-6.9	-2.6	-27.1	5.1	-8.4	-11.1	5.9	-9.8	-18.2	-18.2	-6.7	52.4	-83.3	-7.0
2014	5.2	5.8	-3.3	-7.0	-5.1	4.8	7.8	9.9	6.0	25.5	25.5	8.5	-18.7	-50.0	2.4
2015	-0.5	-0.1	-2.8	3.4	-6.0	0.3	0.3	2.8	2.7	6.6	6.6	6.9	-22.9	150.0	-0.1
2016	1.5	2.3	-0.3	11.9	1.2	5.1	9.7	4.2	3.7	8.9	8.9	0.4	-57.4	-80.0	3.1

Source: ESCB.

2) Data refer to actual social contributions.

2. General government - expenditure

	Total	Current expenditure								Capital expenditure			Memo: Primary expenditure
		Social payments	Old age pensions	Unemployment benefits	Interest	Compensation of employees	Intermediate consumption	Subsidies	Investment	Capital transfers			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
2007	6.3	6.4	2.8	-1.5	-3.5	4.4	7.0	8.9	-14.7	5.5	-1.5	43.6	6.5
2008	10.9	11.0	13.5	12.4	9.9	0.9	8.3	11.3	7.0	10.0	14.2	-8.5	11.7
2009	7.7	5.0	8.3	9.4	10.7	-11.2	9.0	8.3	-54.3	31.8	28.0	46.2	9.0
2010	3.2	2.3	9.8	13.9	17.7	-9.4	1.3	-4.8	92.2	9.7	8.8	12.7	3.9
2011	3.0	5.6	5.2	8.5	13.7	9.0	4.3	2.4	38.5	-14.6	-9.7	-30.5	2.6
2012	-2.3	0.8	-1.1	6.3	38.4	42.6	-1.3	-7.0	11.4	-27.6	-29.5	-20.0	-4.7
2013	-7.1	-7.3	-3.7	-1.2	33.4	-1.3	-8.8	-8.1	0.2	-4.5	-29.9	212.7	-7.5
2014	12.7	-7.1	-0.6	2.6	-9.5	-18.1	-9.9	-12.0	-16.3	232.1	-14.3	301.6	15.3
2015	-16.1	0.6	0.0	3.2	-31.8	2.4	-3.0	5.7	-10.2	-67.9	9.5	-81.4	-17.3
2016	-2.4	-0.6	3.9	2.9	-13.1	-8.5	-0.5	-5.6	35.9	-19.5	32.5	-73.1	-1.9

Source: ESCB.

3. General government - deficit/surplus, primary deficit/surplus and government consumption

	Deficit(-)/surplus(+)					Primary deficit(-)/ surplus(+)	Government consumption						
	Total	Central government	State government	Local government	Social security funds		Total	Compensation of employees	Intermediate consumption	Social transfers in kind	Consumption of fixed capital	Collective consumption	Individual consumption
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
2007	4.2	3.8	-	0.0	0.4	4.1	6.1	7.0	8.9	14.0	5.4	9.1	2.3
2008	-2.4	-2.9	-	0.0	0.5	-2.5	11.8	8.3	11.3	-2.7	13.0	11.9	11.7
2009	-6.3	-5.6	-	0.0	-0.7	-6.5	8.6	9.0	8.3	25.2	-15.5	8.0	9.4
2010	0.7	0.9	-	0.0	-0.2	0.4	0.0	1.3	-4.8	-20.1	11.3	-2.5	3.5
2011	-1.0	-0.6	-	0.0	-0.3	-0.8	4.9	4.3	2.4	-43.0	11.6	4.7	5.1
2012	0.1	1.1	-	0.1	-1.0	1.1	-4.0	-1.3	-7.0	-28.7	-4.2	-4.5	-3.3
2013	0.4	1.6	-	0.1	-1.4	0.6	-8.4	-8.8	-8.1	-33.3	-4.6	-9.3	-7.3
2014	-3.6	-3.8	-	-0.1	0.2	-4.1	-12.1	-9.9	-12.0	-27.6	-4.9	-9.7	-15.2
2015	7.6	7.3	-	0.0	0.3	7.6	-0.9	-3.0	5.7	4.8	2.1	-1.0	-0.9
2016	1.5	1.5	-	0.0	0.0	1.3	-1.5	-0.5	-5.6	15.9	8.2	-0.3	-3.1

Source: ESCB.

1) Deficit/surplus and primary deficit/surplus are expressed as percentage change in GDP ratios, i.e. [deficit(t) ÷ GDP(t)] - [deficit(t-1) ÷ GDP(t-1)].