

IRELAND

Table 1b Revenue, expenditure and deficit/surplus
(growth rates; change in deficit ratio ¹⁾)

1. General government - revenue

	Total	Current revenue											Capital revenue		Memo: Fiscal burden
		Direct taxes	Households	Corporations	Indirect taxes	VAT	Taxes on energy	Net social contributions	Employers ²⁾	Households ²⁾	Sales	Capital taxes			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
2007	5.1	4.7	3.3	.	.	3.1	.	.	11.9	.	.	2.5	15.7	21.7	4.7
2008	-8.2	-7.7	-12.0	.	.	-12.8	.	.	2.7	.	.	6.3	-21.0	-14.8	-9.9
2009	-13.6	-12.1	-12.4	.	.	-18.6	.	.	-6.7	.	.	8.4	-54.2	-27.7	-13.9
2010	-2.0	-1.1	-2.6	.	.	-1.6	.	.	-7.4	.	.	15.5	-46.7	-7.9	-3.3
2011	4.2	3.7	6.4	.	.	-1.6	.	.	9.3	.	.	-2.3	50.3	-1.2	3.9
2012	3.0	3.6	7.0	.	.	3.3	.	.	-4.8	.	.	-1.6	-31.5	17.8	3.2
2013	3.4	3.5	2.8	.	.	5.1	.	.	5.4	.	.	-3.0	-1.4	-2.5	4.1
2014	7.2	6.9	8.5	.	.	9.8	.	.	5.5	.	.	-1.8	32.6	29.1	8.5
2015	7.0	7.2	12.0	.	.	5.9	.	.	3.7	.	.	8.4	-7.2	11.7	8.2
2016	3.5	2.6	4.4	.	.	5.0	.	.	6.3	.	.	-7.6	98.4	2.5	4.9

Source: ESCB.

2) Data refer to actual social contributions.

2. General government - expenditure

	Total	Current expenditure								Capital expenditure			Memo: Primary expenditure
		Social payments	Old age pensions	Unemployment benefits	Interest	Compensation of employees	Intermediate consumption	Subsidies	Investment	Capital transfers			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
2007	13.0	10.0	13.3	.	.	7.2	9.6	10.8	7.2	32.1	31.3	47.0	13.1
2008	11.0	9.4	13.3	.	.	21.2	6.5	3.1	6.9	19.7	6.8	60.7	10.7
2009	1.9	3.4	9.8	.	.	42.3	-2.3	-0.5	-1.7	-5.8	-35.8	94.6	0.6
2010	36.4	-1.6	-0.3	.	.	44.2	-6.9	-9.9	-3.2	244.1	-10.8	504.4	36.1
2011	-27.0	1.0	0.2	.	.	17.1	0.5	-2.1	-5.6	-70.7	-25.1	-77.9	-29.1
2012	-7.5	2.2	2.3	.	.	26.5	-2.0	-5.2	11.4	-59.4	-16.7	-81.5	-10.2
2013	-2.4	-0.9	-3.0	.	.	5.8	-2.1	-1.8	-0.4	-22.7	1.7	-32.0	-3.4
2014	1.8	-0.4	-1.5	.	.	-1.8	-1.3	8.7	-3.1	39.3	18.2	19.5	2.2
2015	3.4	0.0	0.4	.	.	-9.8	3.1	3.3	-3.7	45.7	4.2	188.0	4.9
2016	-1.4	0.9	0.6	.	.	-9.7	2.8	5.3	-3.9	-20.6	12.7	-61.6	-0.5

Source: ESCB.

3. General government - deficit/surplus, primary deficit/surplus and government consumption

	Deficit(-)/surplus(+)					Primary deficit(-)/surplus(+)	Government consumption						
	Total	Central government	State government	Local government	Social security funds		Total	Compensation of employees	Intermediate consumption	Social transfers in kind	Consumption of fixed capital	Collective consumption	Individual consumption
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
2007	-2.5	-2.2	-	-0.4	0.0	-2.5	11.0	9.6	10.8	11.7	6.2	11.6	10.6
2008	-7.3	-7.1	-	-0.2	0.0	-7.0	5.9	6.5	3.1	10.7	-3.0	9.1	4.1
2009	-6.8	-7.2	-	0.4	0.0	-6.1	-3.0	-2.3	-0.5	1.7	-4.7	-13.0	2.9
2010	-18.3	-18.3	-	0.0	0.0	-17.4	-8.3	-6.9	-9.9	7.4	-2.1	-14.7	-5.2
2011	19.5	19.6	-	-0.1	0.0	19.9	0.5	0.5	-2.1	0.0	3.7	4.1	-1.1
2012	4.6	4.6	-	0.0	0.0	5.4	-1.3	-2.0	-5.2	5.7	-0.1	-2.7	-0.6
2013	2.3	2.3	-	0.0	0.0	2.5	-1.8	-2.1	-1.8	-3.8	-1.0	-0.6	-2.4
2014	2.0	1.9	-	0.1	0.0	1.6	3.1	-1.3	8.7	3.0	5.1	3.0	3.1
2015	1.7	1.6	-	0.2	0.0	0.5	2.1	3.1	3.3	-1.5	5.7	3.9	1.2
2016	1.4	1.5	-	-0.1	0.0	1.0	6.2	2.8	5.3	4.4	5.7	7.0	5.8

Source: ESCB.

1) Deficit/surplus and primary deficit/surplus are expressed as percentage change in GDP ratios, i.e. [deficit(t) ÷ GDP(t)] - [deficit(t-1) ÷ GDP(t-1)].